| 2.1 Lesson plan 5 Outline |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Lesson plan 5 topic |  |
| Lesson plan 5 objectives | Studeng a "no wind" Flight Plan <br> - Knowledge of Magnetic Poles <br> - Knowledge of longitude and latitude - True North <br> - Effective use of a plotter <br> - Ability to find and define landmarks on an aeronautical <br> chart |
| Anticipatory set or lesson <br> opening (to activate <br> students` prior learning or <br> draw student interest or <br> involvement) | Reflecting on the previous lesson/demonstration, why do you <br> think Pilotage is important for a modern pilot - who has the <br> advantage of automation in the cockpit? |
| Direct Instruction | The lesson will begin with a PowerPoint overview of the days <br> activities. The presentation wil go over the steps in the activity, <br> and will be supported by a worksheet and a Flight Plan sheet. |
| Guided Practice | Using the Elmo, the teacher will demonstrate the techniques <br> used for developing the Flight Plan. The technique will be step <br> by step, with ample time to walk the classroom to help students <br> in need. |
| Independent <br> Practice/Differentiated <br> Activities | Each student will create a unique Flight Plan but will be <br> situated in a group of three. Students will be able to collaborate <br> and help each other in developing the Flight Plan. |
| Reflection on employability <br> skills | This is a typical Ground School lesson for the Private Pilot <br> curriculum. I have observed this in a less structured setting at <br> the Alpha One Ground School. |
| Lesson Closure | Students will complete both the Flight Plan instruction Sheet <br> and the Flight Plan log sheet. |
| Summative/end of lesson <br> assessment | This will be the major part of the unit grade. See attached <br> Rubric. |
| References / Resources / <br> Teacher Preparation | Attached PowerPoint, plotters, pencils, Flight Plan log, Flight <br> Plan Instructions and Sectional Charts |
(Note: Please attach relevant documents, quiz and answer key.)

## Aircraft - Choose one by circling:

Piper Warrior Cessna 152 Beech Bonanza Aeronca Champ Cirus SR20 Mooney M20

## Call Sign - N

(choose any combination of letters and numbers. The letters and numbers must be appropriate).
Instructor Approval

1. Find the True Airspeed (TAS) and gallons per hour in cruise flight (GPH) for your aircraft using Internet research
a. TAS $\qquad$
b. GPH $\qquad$
2. On your New York Sectional chart, choose an airport for your departure.
3. Select a destination airport of at least 100 nautical miles straight line distance from your departure.
4. Choose an altitude between 3500 and 8500 feet.
a. Traveling east - use odd thousands plus 500 feet (e.g. 5,500 feet)
b. Traveling west - use even thousands plus 500 feet (e.g. 4,500 feet)
5. Determine the following numbers and input them onto your Flight Plan
a) Winds are "Calm" - zero for this activity
b) True Course - use your Plotter
c) Wind Correction - zero for this activity
d) True Heading - same as True Course for this activity
e) Magnetic Variation - Find the Isogonic line closest to your course
f) Magnetic Heading
g) Ground Speed - same as TAS for this activity
h) Total Miles
i) Total Time
j) Fuel Required
k) Leave the "Remarks" section blank.
6. Choose five visible check points along your route of flight
7. Use the current clock time for Departure Time.
8. Under Wind Speed and Direction, write "Calm". This will result in a zero wind correction angle. This means that for this activity, True Airspeed and Ground speed will be the same
9. Determine "Total Time" by using this formula: Miles Flown/Ground Speed $\mathbf{X} \mathbf{6 0}=$ Total Time in minutes Example:

Miles Flown-135
Ground Speed - 295
135/295 X $60=27.45$ minutes, approximately 27 minutes and 26 seconds
10. Determine Fuel Required using this formula: Total Time/60 X GPH = Fuel Required Example:

Total Time $=27.45$ minutes
Gallons Per Hour (GPH) $=42$ (Where did we get that?)
$27.45 / 60 \times 42=19.215$ Gallons of fuel
11. Determine the point-to-point distances between check points.
12. Determine the Distance Remaining. How will you do this?

## BONUS!!

Figure out the Estimated Elapsed Time and the Estimated Arrival Time on your flight plan.

Why do you think CLOSE YOUR FLIGHT PLAN is printed at the bottom of the Flight Plan?

| ALTITUDE |  |  |  |  | HEADING |  |  |  |  | GPH |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| True <br> Air <br> Speed | Winds <br> Direction Speed | True Course | Wind Correction | True Heading | Variation $+W-E$ | Magnetic Heading | Ground Speed | Total Miles | Total <br> Time | Fuel <br> Required |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |


| Time Off | Distance |  | Elapsed Time |  | Arrival Time |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Check Points | Point <br> to <br> Point | Dist. <br> Remain | Estimated | Actual | Estimated | Actual |  |
| 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## CLOSE YOUR FLIGHT PLAN!!

